Amendments to the Claims

- (currently amended): A liquid-phase process for polymerizing α-olefins of the formula CH₂=CHR, where R is H or a C₁-C₆ an-alkyl radical-C1-C6, to produce a polymer that is soluble in a liquid the-reaction medium, comprising the steps of:
 - a) continuously polymerising in liquid phase the α -olefin in the presence of a catalyst system based on a transition metal compound;
 - b) continuously withdrawing from step a) a solution of the polymer in the liquid reaction medium;
 - c) mixing in one or more mixing stages said solution of the polymer in the reaction medium with an organic deactivator having[[:]] at least a hydroxy group, a boiling point higher than 150°C, and a ratio of between the molecular weight (MW) to and the number of hydroxy groups (n_{OH}) comprised between 20 and 100.
- 2. (original): The process according to claim 1, wherein said α -olefin is but ene-1.
- 3. (currently amended): The process according to <u>claim 2</u>, <u>claims 1-2</u>, wherein a solution of polybutene-1 in the reaction medium is continuously obtained in step a).
- 4. (original): The process according to claim 3, wherein the reaction medium is liquid butene-1.
- 5. (currently amended): The process according to <u>claim 1, elaims 1-3,</u> wherein the polymerization step a) is carried out at a temperature in the range of from 65 to 85°C.
- 6. (currently amended): The process according to <u>claim 1, elaims 1 4,</u> wherein the polymerization step a) is carried out at a pressure comprised-between 8 and 40 bar.
- 7. (currently amended): The process according to claim 1, wherein the polymerization step a) is performed in <u>at least one one or more</u>-continuously stirred tank reactor. reactors.
- 8. (currently amended): The process according to <u>claim 4</u>, <u>claim 1</u>, wherein in step a) a <u>the</u>-concentration of polybutene-1 in butene-1 is kept to a value of less than

- 35% by weight.
- 9. (currently amended): The process according to claim 8, wherein said concentration is comprised between 10 and 30% by weight.
- 10. (currently amended): The process according to <u>claim 1</u>, <u>claims 1 9</u>, wherein in step a) butene-1 is polymerized in the presence of up to 20% by weight, preferably 0,5 10% by weight based on butene-1, of another α-olefin.
- 11. (currently amended): The process according to claim 1, wherein the ratio of the molecular weight (MW) to the number of hydroxy groups (n_{OH}) of the organic deactivator of step c) is the organic deactivator of step c) is characterized by a ratio between the molecular weight (MW) and the number of hydroxy groups (OH) comprised between 30 and 70.
- 12. (currently amended): The process according to claim 1, wherein said deactivator is selected from propylene glycol, dipropylene glycol, glycerol, diethylene glycol, and propylen glycol, dipropylen glycol, glycerol, diethylen glycol, butandiol.
- 13. (currently amended): The process according to claim 1, wherein the catalyst system of step a) is a Ziegler-Natta catalyst comprising a Ti-based compound as a the solid catalyst component and an Aluminum alkyl compound as an activator.
- 14. (currently amended): The process according to <u>claim 13</u>, <u>claims 1-13</u>, wherein in step c) the molar ratio <u>of deactivator/(Ti+Al)</u> is higher than $2/n_{OH}$, wherein n_{OH} is the number of hydroxy groups of the deactivator.
- 15. (currently amended): The process according to claim 14 wherein said molar ratio is comprised between 3/n_{OH} and 6/n_{OH}.
- 16. (currently amended): The process according to <u>claim 1, elaims 1-15</u>, wherein stepc) is carried out in one or more mixing tanks placed in series.
- (currently amended): The process according to <u>claim 1, elaims 1-15</u>, wherein stepis carried out in a single deactivation apparatus equipped with a sequence of mixing stages.
- 18. (currently amended): The process according to claim 17, wherein the deactivation apparatus comprises a stirring shaft provided with impellers in a number comprised-between 2 and 20.
- 19. (currently amended): The process according to claim 18, claims 17-18 wherein

- said mixing stages are formed along the shaft of the apparatus by the rotation of each impeller.
- 20. (currently amended): The process according to <u>claim 18</u>, <u>claims 17 19</u>, wherein the impellers are equipped with radial blades fixed at <u>a the</u>-stirring shaft, said radial blades causing a radial flow inside each mixing stage.
- 21. (currently amended): The process according to <u>claim 17, elaims 1 and 17 20</u>, wherein said polymeric solution and said organic deactivator are continuously fed at <u>an the</u>-inlet of said deactivation apparatus and flow slowly through the sequence of said mixing stages.
- 22. (currently amended): The process according to <u>claim 4, elaims 1-21</u>, wherein <u>after</u> downstream-step c) <u>a the</u>-solution of polybutene in butene-1 is passed to a separation step, wherein the polybutene-1 is separated from the unreacted monomer, which is recovered and re-circulated to the polymerization step a).
- 23. (currently amended): The process according to claim 22, wherein said separation step is carried out by melt devolatilization by means of one or more volatilization chambers operating at a decreasing pressure.
 - chambers operating at a decreasing pressure.
- 24. (new): The process according to claim 10, wherein in step a) butene-1 is polymerized in the presence of 0.5 to 10% by weight based on butene-1, of another α -olefin.